

CHAPTER 152: MINIMUM HOUSING STANDARDS

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GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 152.02 FINDING; PURPOSE

- (A) Pursuant to G.S. 160A-441, it is hereby declared that there exists in the City dwellings which are unfit for human habitation due to dilapidation; defects increasing the hazards of fire, accidents and other calamities; lack of ventilation, light and sanitary facilities; and other conditions rendering such dwellings unsafe or unsanitary, dangerous and detrimental to the health, safety and morals, and otherwise inimical to the welfare of the residents of the City.
- (B) In order to protect the health, safety and welfare of the residents of the City as authorized by part of G.S. 160A, Art.19, it is the purpose of this chapter to establish minimum standards of fitness for the initial and continued occupancy of all buildings used for human habitation, as expressly authorized by G.S. 160A-444.
(Ord. passed - - 85)

§ 152.02 DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this chapter, the follow definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

BASEMENT: A portion of a dwelling which is located partly underground, having direct access to light and air from windows located above the level of the adjoining ground.

CELLAR: A portion of a dwelling which is located partly or wholly underground having an inadequate access to light and air from windows located partly or wholly below of the adjoining ground.

DETERIORATED: Shall mean that a dwelling may be unfit for human habitation and can be repaired, altered or improved to comply with all of the minimum standards established by this chapter at a cost not in excess of 50% of its value, as determined by the finding of the Housing Inspector.

DILAPIDATED: Shall mean that a dwelling is unfit for human habitation and cannot be improved, repaired or altered to comply with all of the minimum standards established by this chapter except at a cost in excess of 50% of its value, as determined by the Housing Inspector.

DWELLING: Any building, structure or part thereof which is wholly or partly used or intended to be used for living, sleeping, or habitation by human occupants, and includes any outhouses and appurtenances belonging thereto or usually enjoyed therewith. Temporary housing, as hereinafter defined, shall not be regarded as a dwelling. The term shall include within its meaning the terms **ROOMING HOUSE** and **ROOMING UNIT**, as hereinafter defined. Further, whenever the words **DWELLING, DWELLING UNIT, ROOMING HOUSE, ROOMING UNIT** or **PREMISES** are used in this chapter, they shall be construed as though they were followed by the words "or any part thereof."

DWELLING UNIT: Any room or group of rooms located within a dwelling and forming a single habitable unit with facilities which are used or intended to be used for living, sleeping, cooking and eating.

EXTERMINATION: The control and elimination of insects, rodents or other pests by removing or making inaccessible materials that may serve as their food; by poisoning, spraying, fumigating or trapping; or by any other recognized and legal pest elimination methods approved by the Housing Inspector.

GARBAGE: The waste resulting from the handling, preparation, cooking and consumption of food.

HABITABLE ROOM: A room or enclosed floor space used or intended to be used for living, sleeping, cooking or eating purposes, excluding bathrooms, water closet compartments, laundries, heater rooms, foyers or communicating corridors, closets and storage spaces.

INFESTATION: The presence, within or around a dwelling, of any insects, rodents or other pests in such number as to constitute a menace to the health, safety or welfare of the occupants of the public.

MULTIPLE DWELLINGS: Any dwelling containing more than two dwelling units.

OCCUPANT: Any person over one year of age, living, sleeping, cooking or eating in, or having actual possession of a dwelling, dwelling unit or rooming unit.

OPERATOR: Any person who has charge, care or control of a building, or part thereof, in which dwelling units or rooming units are let.

OWNER: Any person who alone, jointly or severally with others.

- (1) Shall have title to any dwelling, dwelling unit or rooming unit, with or without accompanying actual possession thereof;
- (2) Shall be a mortgage of record of record for any dwelling, dwelling unit or rooming unit;
- (3) Shall have charge, care or control of any dwelling, dwelling unit or rooming unit, as owner of agent of the actual owner, or as executor, executrix, administrator, administratrix, trustee or guardian or the estate of the actual owner. Any such person thus representing the actual owner shall be bound to comply with the provisions of this chapter, and of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, to the same extent as if he were the owner.

PARTY or PARTIES IN INTEREST: All persons who have interest of record in a dwelling, dwelling unit or rooming unit and any persons who are in possession thereof.

PERSON: Any individual, corporation, firm, partnership, association, organization or other legal entity.

PLUMBING: Shall mean and include all of the following supplies facilities and equipment: gas pipes, gas burning equipment, water pipes, mechanical garbage disposal units (mechanical sink grinders), sewage disposal pipes, water closets, sinks, installed dishwashers, lavatories, bathtubs, shower baths, installed clothes washing machines, catch basins, drains, vents and any other similar supplied fixtures, together with all connections to water, sewer or gas lines.

PUBLIC AUTHORITY: Any officer who is in charge of any department or branch of the government of the City relating to health, fire, building regulations or other activities concerning dwellings in the City.

ROOMING HOUSE. Any dwelling or that part of any dwelling, containing one or more rooming units, in which space is let by the owner or operator to three or more persons who are not husband or wife, or son or daughter, mother or father, or sister, or brother of the owner or operator.

ROOMING UNIT: Any room or group of rooms forming a single habitable unit used or intended to be used for living and sleeping, but not for cooking and eating purposes.

RUBBISH: Nonfood waste materials. The term shall include items such as paper, rags, cartons, boxes, wood, excelsior, rubber, leather, tree branches, yard trimmings, tin cans, metals, mineral matter, glass and dust.

SUPPLIED: Paid for, furnished or provided by, or under the control of the owner or the operator.

TEMPORARY HOUSING: Any tent, trailer or other structure used for human shelter, which is designed to be transportable and which is not attached to the ground, to another structure or to any utilities system on the same premises for more than 30 days.

UNFIT FOR HUMAN HABITATION: Shall mean certain conditions exist in a dwelling, dwelling unit, rooming house or rooming unit that violate or do not comply with one or more of the minimum standards of fitness or one or more of the requirements established by this chapter.

§ 152.03 RESPONSIBILITIES OF OWNER AND OCCUPANTS

- (A) Every owner of a dwelling containing two or more dwelling units shall be responsible for maintaining in a clean and sanitary condition the shared or public areas of the dwelling and premises thereof.
- (B) Every occupant of a dwelling or dwelling unit shall keep in a clean and sanitary condition that part of the dwelling , dwelling unit and premises thereof which he occupies and controls.
- (C) Every occupant of a dwelling or dwelling unit shall dispose of all his rubbish and garbage in a clean and sanitary manner by placing it in the supplied storage facilities. In all cases, the owner shall be responsible for the availability of rubbish and storage facilities.
- (D) Every occupant of a dwelling unit shall keep all supplied plumbing fixtures therein in a clean and sanitary condition and shall be responsible for the exercise or reasonable care in the proper use and operation of the same.
- (E) No occupant shall willfully destroy, deface or impair any of the facilities or equipment, or any part of the structure of a dwelling or dwelling unit. Willful destruction of the premises by the occupant shall be deemed legal grounds for eviction.
(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§ 152.15 COMPLIANCE REQUIRED

- (A) Every dwelling and dwelling unit used as a human habitation, or held out for use as human habitation, shall comply with all of the minimum standards of fitness for human habitation and all of the requirements of this subchapter.
- (B) No person shall occupy as owner-occupant, or let to another for occupancy of use as a human habitation, any dwelling or dwelling unit which does not comply with all of the minimum standards of fitness for human habitation and all of the requirements of this subchapter.
(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§ 152.16 STRUCTURAL CONDITION

The following standards shall constitute the minimum standards for structural conditions of a dwelling or dwelling unit:

- (A) Walls or partitions or supporting members, sills, joists, rafters or other structural members shall not list, lean or buckle, and shall not be rotten, deteriorated or damaged, and shall not have holes or cracks which might admit rodents.
- (B) Floors or roofs shall have adequate supporting members and strength to be reasonably safe for the purpose used.
- (C) Foundations, foundation walls, piers or other foundation supports shall not be deteriorated or damaged.
- (D) Steps, stairs, landings, porches or other parts or appurtenances shall be maintained in such condition that they will not fail or collapse.
- (E) Adequate facilities for egress in case of fire or panic shall be provided.
- (F) Interior walls and ceilings of all rooms, closets and hallways shall be furnished of suitable materials, which will, by use of reasonable household methods promote sanitation and cleanliness, and shall be maintained in such a manner so as to enable the occupants to maintain reasonable privacy between various spaces.
- (G) The roof, flashings, exterior walls, floors and all doors and windows exposed to the weather shall be constructed and maintained so as to be weather and water tight.
- (H) There shall be no chimneys or parts thereof which are defective, deteriorated or in danger of failing, or in such condition or location as to constitute a fire hazard.
- (I) There shall be no use of the ground for floors or wood floors above the ground.
(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§ 152.17 BASIC PLUMBING, HEATING AND ELECTRICAL, EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES

- (A) *Plumbing system*
 - (1) Each dwelling unit shall be connected to a potable water supply and to a public sewer or other approved sewage disposal system.
 - (2) Each dwelling unit shall contain not less than a kitchen sink, lavatory, tub or shower, water closet and an adequate supply of both cold water and hot water. All water shall be supplied through an approved pipe distribution system connected to a potable water supply.
 - (3) All existing plumbing fixtures shall meet the standards of the State Plumbing Code and shall be maintained in a state of good repair and in good working order.

(4) All existing required plumbing fixtures shall be located within the dwelling unit and be accessible to the occupants of the same. The water closet and tub or shower shall be located in a room or rooms affording privacy to the user.

(B) *Heating system.* Every dwelling and dwelling unit shall have facilities for providing heat in accordance with the following.

(1) *Central and electric heating systems.* Every central or electric system shall be of sufficient capacity to heat all habitable rooms, bathrooms and water closet compartments in every dwelling unit to which it is connected. Every bathroom or water closet compartment which does not open directly from a room having a source of heat shall be supplied with an electric base or gas receptacle which may be used to provide auxiliary heat.

(2) *Other heating facilities.* Where a central or electric heating system is not provided, each dwelling and dwelling unit shall be provided with sufficient fireplaces, chimneys, flues, gas vents or other facilities to which heating appliances may be connected to heat all habitable rooms. Every bathroom or water closet compartment which does not open directly from a room having a source of heat shall be supplied with an electric base or gas receptacle which may be used to provide auxiliary heat.

(3) *Electrical system*

(1) Every dwelling and dwelling unit shall be wired for electric lights and convenience receptacles. Every habitable room shall contain at least two floor or wall-type electric convenience receptacles, connected in such manner as determined by the State Electrical Code. There shall be installed in every bathroom, water closet room, laundry room and furnace room at least one supplied ceiling or wall-type electric light fixture.

(2) Every public hall and stairway in every multiple dwelling unit shall be adequately lighted by electric lights at all times when natural daylight is not sufficient.

(3) All fixtures, receptacles, equipment and wiring shall be maintained in a state of good repair, safe, capable of being used and installed in accordance with the State Electrical Code.

(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§ 152.18 VENTILATION

(A) Every habitable room shall have at least one window or skylight facing directly to the outdoors unless approved by the Housing Inspector.

(B) Every habitable room shall have at least one window or skylight which can easily be opened, or such other device, such as air conditioning, as will adequately ventilate the room.

- (C) Every bathroom and water closet room shall comply with the light and ventilation requirements for habitable rooms except that no window or skylight shall be required in adequately ventilated bathrooms and water closet rooms equipped with an approved ventilation system.

(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§ 152.19 SPACE, USE AND LOCATION

- (A) Every dwelling unit shall contain at least the minimum room size in size in each habitable room as required by the State Residential Building Code.
 - (1) Every dwelling unit shall contain at least 150 square feet of habitable floor area for the first occupant, at least 100 square feet of additional habitable area for the next three and at least 75 square feet of additional habitable floor area for each additional occupant. Under this requirement, a family of four persons would need 450 square feet of habitable floor area or the equivalent of a 20 by 25 foot dwelling.
 - (2) In every dwelling unit and in every rooming unit, every room occupied for sleeping purposes by one occupant shall contain at least 70 square feet of floor area, and every room occupied for sleeping purposes by more than one occupant shall contain at least 50 square feet of floor area for each occupant 12 years of age and older, and at least 35 square feet of floor area for each occupant under 12 years of age.
 - (B) *Cellar.* No cellar shall be used for living purposes.
 - (C) *Basements.* No basement shall be used for living purposes unless:
 - (1) The floor and walls are substantially water tight.
 - (2) Every habitable room shall have at least one window facing directly to the outdoors which can be easily opened. If other ventilation (approved by the Housing Officer) is provided, the window need not be openable.
- (Ord. passed - - 85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§ 152.20 SAFE AND SANITARY MAINTENANCE

- (A) *Exterior foundation, walls and roofs.* Every foundation wall, exterior wall and exterior roof shall be substantially weather tight and rodent proof; shall be capable of affording privacy; shall be safe to use and capable of supporting the load which normal use would cause to be placed thereon.
- (B) *Interior floors, walls and ceilings.* Every floor, interior wall and ceiling shall be substantially rodent proof; shall be kept in good repair; and shall be safe to use and capable of supporting loads which normal use would cause to be placed thereon.
- (C) *Windows and doors.* Every window, exterior door, basement or cellar door and hatchway shall be substantially weather tight, water tight, rodent proof and shall be kept in sound working condition and good repair.
- (D) *Stairs, porches and appurtenances.* Every outside and inside stair, porch and any appurtenance thereto shall be safe to use and capable of supporting the load that normal use would cause to be placed thereon and shall be kept in sound condition and good repair.

- (E) *Bathroom floors.* Every bathroom floor surface and water closet compartment floor surface shall be constructed and maintained so that it will be reasonably impervious to water and will permit such floor to be easily kept in a clean and sanitary condition.
- (F) *Supplied facilities.* Every supplied facility and piece of equipment of utility which is required under this chapter shall be constructed or installed that it will function safely and effectively and shall be maintained in satisfactory working condition.
- (G) *Drainage.* Every yard shall be properly graded in order to obtain thorough drainage and to prevent the accumulation of stagnant water.
- (H) *Egress.* Every dwelling unit shall be provided with adequate means of egress as required by the State Residential Building Code.
(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§ 152.21 CONTROL OF INSECTS, RODENTS AND INFESTATIONS

- (A) *Screens.* In every dwelling unit, for protection against mosquitoes, flies and other insects, every door opening directly from a dwelling unit to outdoor space shall be equipped with screens and a self-closing device. If other ventilation, approved by the Housing Inspector, is used, doors need not be screened. Every window or other device with openings to outdoor space, used or intended to be used for ventilation, shall likewise be equipped with screens.
- (B) *Rodent control.* Every basement or cellar window used or intended to be used for ventilation, and every other opening to a basement which might provide an entry for rodents shall be equipped with screens or such other approved device as will effectively prevent their entrance.
- (C) *Infestation.* Every occupant of a dwelling containing a single dwelling unit shall be responsible for the extermination of any insects, rodents or other pests therein or on the premises; and every occupant of a dwelling unit shall be responsible for such extermination whenever his dwelling unit is the only one infested. Whenever infestation is caused by failure of the owner to maintain a dwelling in a rodent proof or reasonable insect proof condition, extermination shall be the responsibility of the owner. Whenever infestation exists in two or more of the dwelling units in any dwelling or in the share or public parts of any dwelling containing two or more dwelling units, extermination shall be the responsibility of the owner.
- (D) *Rubbish storage and disposal.* Every dwelling and every dwelling unit shall be supplied with approved containers and covers for storage or rubbish. The owner, operator or agent in control of such dwelling or dwelling unit shall be responsible for the removal of rubbish.
- (E) *Garbage storage and disposal.* Every dwelling and every dwelling unit shall be supplied with an approved outside garbage disposal facility, which may be an approved outside garbage can or an adequate mechanical disposal unit (mechanical sink grinder) in each dwelling unit.

MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR ROOMING HOUSES

§ 152.30 APPLICATION OF REGULATIONS

All the provisions of this chapter, and all of the minimum standards and requirements of this chapter shall be applicable to room houses, and to every person who operates a rooming house, or who occupies or lets to another for occupancy and any rooming unit in any rooming house, except as provided in this subchapter.

(Ord. passed - -85)

§ 152.31 WATER CLOSET, HAND LAVATORY AND BATH FACILITIES

At least one water closet, lavatory basin and bathtub or shower properly connected to an approved water and sewer system and in good working condition shall be supplied for each four rooms within a rooming house wherever these facilities are shared. All such facilities shall be located within the residence building served, and shall be directly accessible from a common hall or passageway and shall not be more than one story removed from any of the persons sharing such facilities. Every lavatory basin and bathtub or shower shall be supplied with hot and cold water at all times. Such required facilities shall not be located in a cellar.

(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§155.32 MINIMUM FLOOR AREA FOR SLEEPING PURPOSES

Every room occupied for sleeping purposes by one occupant shall contain at least 70 square feet of floor area, and every room occupied for sleeping purposes by more than one occupant shall contain at least 50 square feet of floor area for each occupant 12 year of age and over, and at least 35 square feet of floor area for each occupant under 12 years of age.

(Ord. passed- -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§ 152.33 SANITARY CONDITIONS AND FACILITIES

- (A) The operator of every rooming house shall be responsible for the sanitary maintenance of all walls, floors and ceilings, and for the sanitary maintenance of every other part of the rooming house. He shall be further responsible for the sanitary maintenance of the entire premises where the entire structure or building within which the rooming house is contained is leased or occupied by the operator.
- (B) Every water closet, flush urinal, lavatory basin and bathtub or shower required by § 152.31 shall be located within the rooming house and within a room or rooms which afford privacy, are separate from the habitable rooms, are accessible from a common hall and are accessible without going outside the rooming house or through any other room therein.

(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

§ 152.45 POWERS AND DUTIES OF HOUSING INSPECTOR

The City Manager, or a designated employee of the City, is hereby designated as the Housing Inspector to enforce the provisions of this chapter and to exercise the duties and powers herein prescribed. The Housing Inspector shall have the following powers and duties:

- (A) To investigate the conditions and to inspect dwelling and dwelling units located in the City in order to determine which dwellings and dwelling units are unfit for human habitation, and for the purpose of carrying out the objectives of this chapter with respect to such dwellings and dwelling units.
- (B) To take such action, together with other appropriate departments and agencies, public and private, as may be necessary to effect rehabilitation of housing which is deteriorated.
- (C) To keep a record of the results of inspections made under this chapter and an inventory of those dwellings that do not meet the minimum standards of fitness herein prescribed.
- (D) To administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses and receive evidence.
- (E) To enter upon premises for the purpose of making examinations and inspections, provided, such entries shall be made in accordance with § 152.46 and state law, and shall be made in such manner as to cause the least possible inconveniences to the person in possession.
- (F) To appoint and fix, upon approval of the City Manager, the duties of such officers, agents and employees as he deems necessary to assist in carrying out the purposes of this chapter, and to delegate any of his employees.
- (G) To perform such other duties as may be prescribed herein or by the City Council.
(Ord. passed - -85)

§ 152.46 INSPECTIONS; DUTIES OF OWNERS AND OCCUPANTS

- (A) For the purposes of making inspections, the Inspector is hereby authorized to enter, examine and survey at all reasonable times all dwellings, dwelling units, rooming houses, rooming units and the premises associated therewith. The owner or occupant of every dwelling, dwelling unit, rooming house or rooming unit or the person in charge thereof shall give the Inspector free access to such dwelling, dwelling unit, rooming house or rooming unit and its premises at all reasonable times for the purposes of such inspection, examination and survey.
- (B) Every occupant of a dwelling, dwelling unit, rooming house or rooming unit shall give the owner thereof, or his agent or employee, access to any part of such dwelling or dwelling unit and its premises at all reasonable times for the purpose of making such repairs of alteration as are necessary too effect compliance with the provisions of this chapter or with any lawful order issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§ 152.47 PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION; NOTICE, HEARING

Whenever a petition is filed with the Inspector by a Public Authority or by at least five residents of the City, at least 18 years of age, charging that any dwelling or dwelling unit is unfit for human habitation, or whenever it appears to the Inspector, upon inspection, that any dwelling or dwelling unit is unfit for human habitation, he shall, if his preliminary investigation discloses a basis for such charges, issue and cause to be served upon the owner of and parties in interest in such dwelling or dwelling unit a complaint stating the charges and containing a notice that a hearing will be held before the Inspector at a place therein fixed, not less than ten nor more than thirty days after the serving of said complaint. The owner or any party in interest shall have the right to correct the violation or to file an answer to the complaint and to appear in person, or send a representative and give testimony at the place and time fixed in the complaint. Notice of such hearing shall be given to at least one of the persons signing a petition relating to such dwelling. Any person desiring to do so may attend such hearing and give evidence relevant to the matter being heard. The rules of evidence prevailing in courts of law or equity shall not be controlling in hearing before the Inspector.
(Ord. passed - -85)

§ 152.48 PROCEDURE AFTER HEARING

- (A) After such notice and hearing, the Inspector shall state in writing his determination whether the dwelling or dwelling unit is unfit for human habitation and, if so, whether it is deteriorated or dilapidated.
- (B) If the Inspector determines that the dwelling or dwelling unit is deteriorated, he shall state in writing his findings of fact in support of such determination, and shall issue and cause to be served upon the owner thereof an order directing and requiring the owner to repair, alter or improve such dwelling or dwelling unit to comply with the minimum standards of fitness established by this chapter within 90 days. Such order may also direct and require the owner to vacate and close such dwelling or dwelling unit until such repairs, alterations and improvements have been made.
- (C) If the Inspector determines that the dwelling is dilapidated, he shall state in writing his findings of fact in support of such determination, and shall issue and cause to be served upon the owner thereof an order directing and requiring the owner to repair, alter or improve such dwelling or dwelling unit to comply with the minimum standards of fitness established by this chapter, or else to vacate and demolish and remove the same within 90 days. Such order may also direct and require the owner to vacate and close such dwelling or dwelling unit within 30 days.

(Ord. passed - -85)

§ 152.49 FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ORDER

- (A) *In personam remedy.* If the owner of any deteriorated dwelling or dwelling unit shall fail to comply with an order of the Inspector to repair, alter or improve or to vacate and close the same within the time specified therein, or if the owner of a dilapidated dwelling or dwelling unit shall fail to comply with an order of the Inspector to repair, alter or improve or to vacate and close and remove or demolish and remove the same within the time specified therein, the Inspector may submit to the City Council at their regular meeting a resolution directing the City Attorney to petition the superior court for an order directing such owner to comply with the order of the Inspector, as authorized by G.S. 160A-446(g)
- (B) *In rem remedy.* After failure of an owner of a deteriorated or dilapidated dwelling or dwelling unit to comply with an order of the Inspector within the time specified therein, if injunctive relief has not been sought or has not been granted as provided in division (A) above, the Inspector shall submit to the City Council an ordinance ordering the Inspector to cause such dwelling or dwelling unit to be repaired, altered, improved, vacated, closed, removed or demolished and removed, as provided in the original order of the Inspector, and pending removal or demolition and removal, to place a placard on such dwelling as provided by G.S. 160A-443 and 152.47 through 152.51 of this chapter.
(Ord. passed - -85)

§ 152.50 APPEALS FROM ORDERS OF THE INSPECTOR

- (A) An appeal from any decision or order of the Inspector may be taken by any person aggrieved thereby. Any appeal from the Inspector shall be taken within ten days from the rendering of the decision or service of the order, and shall be taken by filing with the Inspector and with the Zoning Board of Adjustment a notice of appeal which shall specify the grounds upon which the appeal is based. Upon the filing of any notice of appeal, the Inspector shall forthwith transmit to the Board all the papers constituting the record upon which the decision appealed from was made. When the appeal is from a decision of the Inspector refusing to allow the person aggrieved thereby to do any act, his decision shall remain in force until modified or reversed. When an appeal is from a decision of the Inspector requiring the person aggrieved to do any act, the appeal shall have the effect of suspending the requirement until the hearing by the Board, unless the Inspector certifies to the Board, after the notice of appeal is filed with him, that by reason of the facts stated in the certificate (a copy of which shall be furnished to the person who is appealing), a suspension of his requirement would cause imminent peril to life or property, in which case the requirement shall not be suspended except for due cause shown upon not less than one day written notice to the Inspector, by the Board, or by a court of record upon petition made pursuant to G.S. 160A-446(f) and 152.51.

- (B) The Board shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing for all appeals, shall give due notice to all the parties, and shall render its decision within a reasonable time. Any party may appear in person or by agent or attorney. The Board may reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the decision or order appealed from, and may make such decision and order as in its opinion ought to be made in the matter, and to that end it shall have all the powers of the Inspector, but the concurring vote of four members of the Board shall be necessary to reverse or modify any decision or order of the Inspector. The Board shall have power also in passing upon appeals, in the case where there are practical difficulties or unnecessary hardships in a way of carrying out the strict letter of the ordinance (submitted by the Inspector as provided by § 152.49(B)), to adapt the application of the ordinance to the necessities of the case to the end that the spirit of the ordinance shall be observed, public safety and welfare secured, and substantial justice done.
- (C) Every decision of the Board shall be subject to review by proceeding in the nature of certiorari instituted within 15 days of the decision of the Board, but not otherwise.
(Ord. passed - -85)

§ 152.51 PETITION TO SUPERIOR COURT BY OWNER

Any person aggrieved by an order issued by the Inspector or a decision rendered by the Board shall have the right, within 30 days after issuance of the order or rendering of the decision, to petition the superior court for a temporary injunction restraining the Inspector pending a final disposition of the cause, as provided by G.S. 160A-446(f).

§ 152.52 METHODS OF SERVICE OF COMPLAINTS

Complaints or orders issued by the Inspector shall be served upon persons either personally or by registered or certified mail. If the whereabouts of such persons are unknown and the same cannot be ascertained by the Inspector in the exercise of reasonable diligence, the Inspector shall make an affidavit to that effect, and the serving of such complaint or order upon such person may be made by publishing the same once each week for two successive weeks in a §the pending proceedings shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the premises affected by the complaint or order.

§ 152.53 IN REM ACTION BY INSPECTOR; PLACARDING

- (A) After failure of an owner of a dwelling or dwelling unit to comply with an order of the Inspector issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, and upon adoption by the City Council of an ordinance authorizing and directing him to do so, as provided by G.S. 160A-443(5) and G.S. 152.49(B), the Inspector shall proceed to cause such dwelling or dwelling unit to be repaired, altered or improved to comply with the minimum standards of fitness established by this chapter, or to be vacated and closed and removed or demolished and removed as directed by the ordinance (submitted by the Inspector to the City Council as provided in G.S. 152.49(B)). The Inspector shall, immediately upon adoption of said ordinance, cause to be posted on the main entrance of such dwelling or dwelling unit a placard with the following words: "This building for human habitation is prohibited and unlawful." Occupation of a building so posted shall constitute a misdemeanor.
- (B) Each ordinance (submitted by the Inspector to the City Council as provided in G.S. 152.49(B)) shall be recorded in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds of Gaston County, and shall be indexed in the name of the property owner in the grant or index, as provided by G.S. 160A-443(5).
(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see §152.99

§ 152.54 COSTS; A LIEN OF PREMISES

As provided by G.S. 160A-443(6), the cost of any repairs, alterations or improvements or of vacating and closing, or removal or demolition and removal, caused to be made or done by the Inspector pursuant to G.S. 152.53 shall be a lien against the real property upon which such cost was incurred. Such lien shall be filed, have priority, and be collected in the same manner as the lien for special assessment established by G.S. 160A, Art.10
(Ord. passed - -85)

§ 152.55 ALTERNATIVE REMEDIES

Neither this chapter, nor any of its provisions shall be construed to impair or limit in any way the power of the City to define and declare nuisances and to cause this chapter by criminal process as authorized by G.S. 14-4 and G.S. 152.57, and the enforcement of any remedy provided herein shall not prevent the enforcement any remedy or remedies provided herein or in any other applicable provisions of this Code or other ordinances of the City.
(Ord. passed - -85)

§ 152.56 ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT TO HEAR APPEALS

- (A) All appeals which may be taken from decisions or orders of the Inspector pursuant to G.S. 152.50 shall be heard and determined by the Zoning Board of Adjustment. As the appeals body, the Board shall have the power to fix the times and places of its meetings, to adopt necessary rules of procedure and any other rules and regulations which may deem necessary for the proper discharge of its duties. The Board shall perform the duties prescribed by G.S. 152.50 and shall keep an accurate record of all its proceedings.
- (B) The Board shall consist of five members to serve for three-year staggered terms, who shall be appointed by the City Council. No member shall serve more than two full consecutive terms. Any member who fails to attend at least 75% of the regular and special meetings and hearings held by the Board during any one year period shall be automatically removed from the Board. Vacancies resulting from a member's failure to attend the required number of meetings and hearings shall be filled by the same method as provided for appointments.
(Ord. passed - -85)

§ 152.57 VIOLATIONS

- (A) It shall be unlawful for the owner of any dwelling or dwelling unit to fail, neglect or refuse to repair, alter or improve the same, or to vacate and close and remove or demolish and remove the same, upon order of the Inspector duly made and served as herein provided, within the time specified in such order. Each day that any such order continues shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.
- (B) It shall be unlawful for the owner of any dwelling or dwelling unit, with respect to which an order has been issued pursuant to G.S. 152.51 of this chapter, to occupy or permit the occupancy of the same after the time prescribed in such order for its repair, alteration or improvement of its vacation and closing. Each day that such occupancy continues after such prescribed time shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.
(Ord. passed - -85) Penalty, see § 152.99

§ 152.99 PENALTY

- (A) The violation of any provision of this chapter shall constitute a misdemeanor as provided by G.S. 14-4.
- (B) In addition to the penalty established by division (A) above and the remedies provided by other provisions of this chapter, this chapter may be enforced by an appropriate equitable remedy issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.
(Ord. passed - -85)